



THE CHILDREN'S HOUSE

Learning From Home

A Montessori Handbook for Parents



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Many Thanks to the Montessori School of Tokyo for their support in the creation of this school resource.



Learning from A Montessori Perspective

When embarking on a time of learning from home, our aim is to create a Montessori-based framework that serves our students while supporting parents as we all adapt to a different daily routine. It is important to us that the children’s activity during this time be enjoyable, thoughtful, challenging, and rewarding.

Replicating what happens in our classrooms is not something we can achieve during this period. Our goal is to work in collaboration with families to keep alive the culture of learning that is unique to Montessori and provide families with support and activities that match the developmental needs and characteristics of each child in our community.

How do we establish this at home?

The Montessori method is all about the process. While completion of work is important, it is our approach that makes all the difference. Learning is most effective when it is within a greater context. When we connect subjects and concepts, we establish meaning which fuels motivation in students. Above all, we want children to feel connected to their learning, not simply “complete assignments” while at home.

Learning together with a sense of exploration, curiosity and discovery results in deeper and more meaningful experiences for children. This instills a great sense of ownership and responsibility for the child.

It is important to us that we maintain a feeling of connectedness through this process. We will be in regular contact in a variety of ways and continued communication between teachers and families throughout the period of closure is assured. The guidelines in this Handbook outline how this school’s faculty, administration, and staff will support all our families throughout this period.

The Prepared Environment



For our younger students, the learning environment is your home and surroundings. This means finding ways to support independence, engage in meaningful tasks and supplement learning through various activities suggested by teachers.

For our Upper Elementary and Adolescent Program students, this will mean all of the above, plus establishing a quiet space, expectations and routines for any specific assignments shared by teachers. Where age-appropriate you might like to discuss learning from home with your child and include them in some decision-making processes:

- Ask them where to set up their space (if applicable)
- Make a schedule together that works for your family (when to take breaks/have time outdoors, etc)
- Gather ideas for activities and projects
- Organize materials

For our older students, it will be important for them to maintain their routine of handing in work and receiving feedback from their teachers. Overall, we can approach this as an opportunity to be creative and collaborative—we are here to support you through this process.

Practical Life

Practical life is an important part of experiential learning. It is part of every Montessori classroom and can be mirrored at home. These activities assist students in developing purposeful life skills for their continued growth and development. This includes refining fine motor and movement skills and practicing coordination, planning and problem solving. Practical life activities:

- foster order and sequence;
- develop concentration;
- foster physical independence;
- foster the development of fine motor control; and
- provide opportunities for planning and carrying out tasks.

The Practical Life area also provides children with opportunities to contribute to family life. Inherent in these activities is the development of key executive functions: decision making, organization, problem-solving, impulse control, collaboration and communication. These skills form the foundation of a child's academic learning. For example, sequencing a task is a pre-reading skill. Examples of practical life might include:

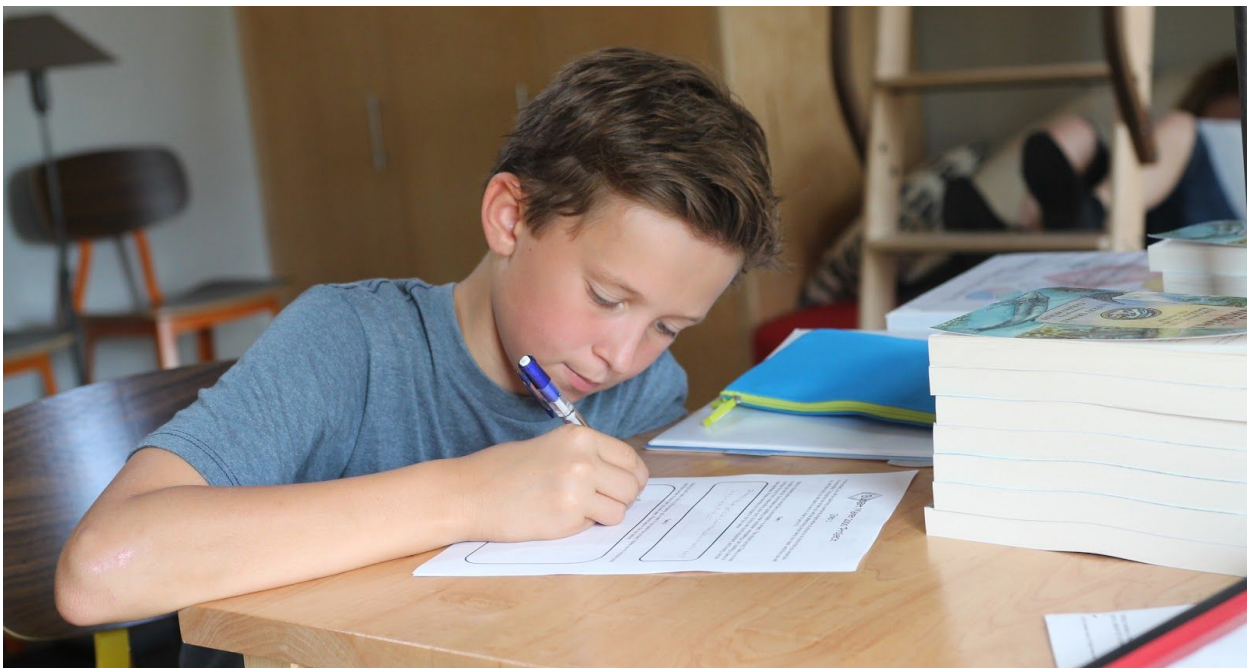
- setting the table;
- watering plants;
- tidying and organizing rooms;
- planning an outing;
- taking care of pets;
- preparing a snack/meal;
- helping with shopping lists/budgeting;
- planting a small urban garden.



Practical life is engaging for children at all stages of development and tasks are designed according to their level of coordination and independence. You can organize a job chart or list of family projects as a way to help guide your child's interests. Planning and gathering resources to complete the tasks is purposeful work. These ideas foster a sense of contribution, responsibility, shared experiences and satisfaction.

As our children get older, these activities lead naturally to volunteer experiences and beginnings of community work. For our oldest adolescents, many of these practical life experiences are the foundation of their sense of belonging and personal vision.

The Uninterrupted Work Cycle



Establishing a routine that works for your family is an essential first step to creating a successful learning environment at home. Children are very familiar with this framework from school. In a Montessori classroom, children are given large blocks of time in order to explore their work deeply. This contributes directly to the development of concentration and provides opportunities to collaborate and problem-solve. It is the framework that fosters child-centered as opposed to teacher-directed learning.

Ownership of Tasks and Sharing of Learning

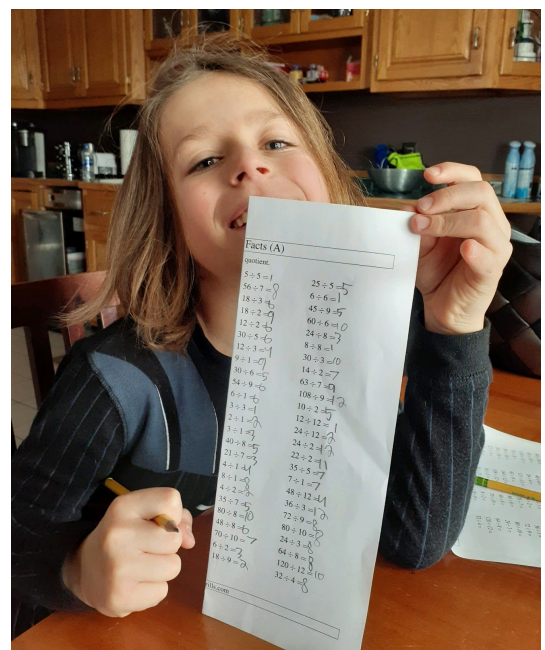
Montessori learning environments are often referred to as “optimal learning environments” because of the inherent skills and outcomes that result from being in a rich and interesting classroom, coupled with the dynamic of interactions amongst peers and teachers.

In order to foster a deep sense of ownership in their learning, we focus on two things: the developmental needs and characteristics of the child and their interests. Here are a few key points that aid in cultivating a child’s self-direction and attention to their work:

- Choice
- Participation in planning and organizing tasks
- Conversation
- Finding good resources
- Sharing Knowledge

You will be receiving regular communications from your child’s classroom teachers for the remainder of the school year. We encourage parents to follow teacher suggestions and guidance when completing work at home. The more children are involved in developing and detailing their activities, the more they can achieve. And, please find an approach that promotes balance and harmony in your household. We are offering many opportunities and realize all of you have varying abilities to implement the offerings.

A note regarding sharing and presenting work: It is a regular occurrence in an Elementary (or older) classroom for children to present their work or projects to one another. This can be replicated at home. Planning a presentation or sharing time at the end of a project is very exciting for young children and gives our older students an opportunity to use their voice. It is an essential part of the learning process as it requires synthesis of learning to describe, explain and express yourself clearly. It feels celebratory as well!



Responsibility and Contribution to Community

Being in a Montessori school is often described by students as being part of a big family. All of the aspects detailed above result in a feeling of belonging to a community and with that, we learn that there is a responsibility to ourselves, others and the environment. It is our commitment to each child at this school that they reach their fullest potential and feel that they are a valued part of our community.

Young Children’s Community (YCC)



OWNERSHIP OF TASKS AND SHARING IN LEARNING

Routine and consistency are very important for your toddler.

Morning	Wake up and assist in making bed. Use the bathroom, Brush teeth. Make breakfast with your child, eat and clean up. Rotate through activities one at a time for an hour and a half. Have few choices of activities for children to choose from. Remember to make time for a bathroom break
Mid-Morning	Snack Break: children can set the table, eat, and clean up.
Late Morning	Work time (indoor or outdoor) for an hour. Read stories, sing songs, listen to music and singalong.
Lunch	Set up for lunch and have lunch. Clean up and use the bathroom. Outside play time if the weather is appropriate, for at least 30 minutes.
Afternoon	Use the bathroom and take a nap for 2 hours. Wake up and use the bathroom. Listen to music and look at books

It is important to continue toilet independence during this time at home. The teachers will be in touch with you to help guide you with each child’s toileting pattern.

YCC Expectations

STUDENTS MAY BE EXPECTED TO:

- Enjoy family life with developmentally appropriate contributions

PARENTS ARE INVITED TO:

- Remain mindful and respectful about the growing self-esteem and sense of independence that your child is developing.
- Help your child with the hardest part of a task (not the whole task).
- Initiate verbal communication frequently, ask questions, share concerns and observations.
- Be consistent; follow routines and clear sequences for each activity.
- Limit screen time.
- Include your child in household chores.
- Provide opportunities for outdoor activities (gross motor skill development).
- Let go of perfection. What you are experiencing now is not the final goal, it is foundational.
- Enjoy and appreciate time with your child.

TODDLER TEACHERS WILL:

- Initiate individual support and communications based on each child's needs.
- Provide detailed updates and consultation (as required) regarding toilet learning, sleeping habits, and activities (fine or gross motor).
- Share current class routines and suggest guidance in setting up daily routines at home.
- Share general and individual suggestions for activities for fine and gross motor skills, providing pictures, videos, and materials for parent viewing as appropriate.
- Provide suggestions for books and songs to support language acquisition.
- Provide videos of teachers singing and performing hand actions to well-loved class songs.
- Share suggestions for practical life activities at home such as recipes, food prep, house chores, clothing tips, etc.
- Be responsive to parent questions and available to offer guidance and tips for activities or any other element of support for your child's development.

Preparing the Home Environment

“A place for everything and everything in its place” is one of the critical principles of Montessori at home. Having a place for everything, on a child-friendly scale, means that children know where to find what they need, and have a place to put things when they’re done. This is an essential tool in teaching them to be responsible for their belongings. External order gives the children internal order and security. An ordered environment also has fewer distractions, allowing children to focus on the task at hand.

Have a place in each room for your child’s carefully chosen belongings: by the front door have a stool to sit on and a place to hang coats and keep shoes. In the living room have a place for your child’s books and toys – neatly and attractively organized. Think out the activities and materials for all living spaces and arrange the environment to include your child’s activities.



- Store clothing in low drawers or baskets, as well as move the rod in the closet down to eye-level so your child can reach their clothing.
- Place step stools in both the kitchen and bathroom to enable them to wash their hands and, in the case of the kitchen, help with meal preparation.
- Place toys, games and art supplies on low shelves where your child can easily access them, then separate these toys into various baskets, bins or shelves, so the items stay separate and are easy to find without sifting through piles of other toys.
- Store healthy snacks down low in your refrigerator or pantry so your child can help themselves.
- Keep beverages in small pitchers located on the lower shelf in the fridge, with child-friendly cups nearby. When your child is thirsty, allow them to help themselves — just be sure to keep a sponge/ some rags nearby, so they can clean up any messes they make.
- Don’t put out too many toys and books at one time. Those being used by your child at the moment are sufficient. Rotating is a good idea – taking out those books and toys that have not been chosen lately and removing them to storage for a time. Children grow and change and they need help to keep their environment uncluttered and peaceful.

Activities for Toddlers at Home

PRACTICAL LIFE

- Food Preparation
 - Preparing their own snack: cutting half of an apple (cut horizontally) using an apple slicer, squeezing orange juice, spreading cream cheese or jam on half of a bagel or bread.
 - Slicing vegetables and fruit for snack and dinner.
 - Baking: have ingredients pre-measured and in jars.
- Care of Self
 - Dressing and Undressing: give your child enough time to practice dressing and undressing by themselves.
 - Toileting: It's important to continue with the toilet learning process.
- Care of Environment
 - Mopping, sweeping, or use of a dustpan and dust brush.
 - Helping with laundry.
 - Watering plants and leaf washing.
 - Window washing, dusting, and wood polishing of large furniture in the home.
 - Taking care of pets.
 - Loading and unloading dishwasher, dishwashing by hand.

ART WORK

- Coloring, painting, collage, playdough, sidewalk chalk.

OUTDOOR ACTIVITIES

It is always fun for children to spend time with their parents in nature. So take some time out of your busy schedule to explore outdoors with your child. I guarantee, you'd enjoy the experience as well as your children would. Here are a few ideas for connecting your child with nature:

- If you have 15 minutes:
 - Watch the clouds and see what animals you can make out of them.
 - Hug some trees and try to find one that your arms fit perfectly around.
 - Turn over a rock and see what is hiding underneath.
- If you have 30 minutes:
 - Do a backyard/nature treasure hunt.
 - Try your hand at rock stacking.
 - Grab some leaves or pieces of bark and race them down a creek.

- If you have an hour
 - Go for a walk and make note of all the sounds you hear.
 - Find a nature trail and help children make up a game or collect bugs or leaves.
 - Pack some food and have a picnic.



LANGUAGE

- Naming things in both indoor and outdoor environments.
- Read together: let your child choose the books, talk about how the characters might be feeling and wonder together what will happen next. Reading with your child teaches more than literacy and language skills. They are learning that you value their interests and choices, and that you love them and enjoy being close to them. Studies show that lifelong readers are those who, as children, simply found reading a pleasurable experience.
- Singing songs and do finger-plays
- Narrate what you do as you go through your daily routines. This helps your child connect words with objects and actions. “I’m washing the dishes. I’m squeezing the yellow dish soap into the warm water.”

All these activities will help limit screen time.

Primary



SUGGESTED DAILY SCHEDULE FOR PRIMARY

Early Morning	Set up and clean up breakfast, load dishwasher. Basic chores: collect dirty clothes, sort laundry, help load washing machine. Prepare morning snack (place in an accessible area to be eaten later), clean up.
Mid-Morning	Uninterrupted work cycle. Children should engage in activities to practice skills for practical life, sensorial work, language, or math.
Lunch	Prepare (set up, clean up) lunch. Quiet Time: this may include nap, reading books, handwork, reflective time. No screen time.
Afternoon	Afternoon work time. Include time for care of the environment and preparation for the next day's work.

Preparations for the next day and chores can be performed throughout the day. Activities can be modified according to your child's readiness and developmental needs.

Primary Program Expectations

STUDENTS MAY BE EXPECTED TO:

- Enjoy family life with developmentally appropriate contributions

PARENTS ARE INVITED TO:

- Remain mindful about your child's stress and worries during this time of change.
- Monitor communication about your child from your teachers.
- Initiate communication with teachers about questions, ideas, concerns, or feedback.
- Support your child's independence in daily life activities.
- Be mindful of and allow children to continue periods of concentration.
- Establish daily routines and expectations.
- Limit screen time.
- Provide opportunities for daily physical activity.

PRIMARY TEACHERS WILL:

- Initiate individual communications based on student needs.
- Give guidance in setting up a daily routine.
- Make suggestions for appropriate house chores.
- Provide both general and individual suggestions for activities developing fine motor skills, gross motor skills, language, and math.
- Be prompt in replying to your emails if you need additional guidance and support.

PROGRAM-SPECIFIC NEEDS AND CHARACTERISTICS

- Children aged 3 to 6 thrive in environments that promote repetition, routine and the mastery of purposeful movement.
- Allow your child to choose activities and give the opportunity for periods of time without distractions.
- The key to a successful learning environment is order, access to tactile resources, space to explore and meaningful activity. For the Primary child, work and play should be interchangeable—a natural, fun and exciting part of life.

Activities for Primary at Home

PRACTICAL LIFE

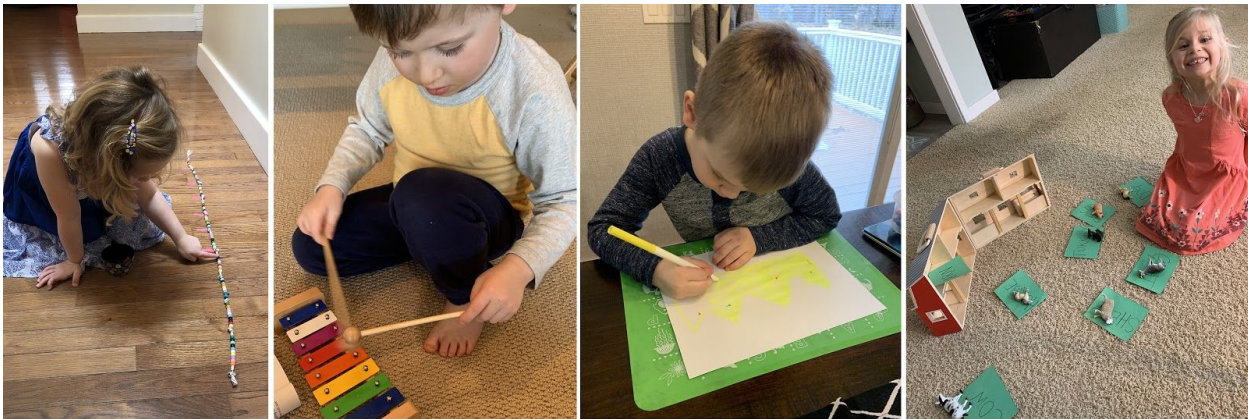
- Ages 3 to 4:
 - Meal or Snack Preparation: slicing vegetables, fruit, cheese, etc.
 - Baking: measuring and mixing ingredients.
 - Kitchen Care: loading and unloading the dishwasher, washing dishes by hand, sweeping floors.
 - Pet Care: walking, playing with, and grooming
 - Dusting: the leaves of plants with a soft cloth or furniture around the house.
 - Nature walks in the yard or about the neighborhood with a list of things to find.
 - Walking on the Line: make a masking tape line throughout the house and walk carefully on the line.
 - Art: coloring, painting, collage, sidewalk chalk.
 - Cutting and gluing - for example find and cut all of the plants in a magazine; glue into a collage.
 - Sewing shapes/pictures onto napkins, hand/kitchen towels, etc.
- Ages 5 to 6— Any of the above plus:
 - Cutting (advance searches: mammals, birds, amphibians, etc.)
 - Baking: reading, measuring and mixing simple recipes.
 - Handwork: crocheting, finger knitting, or sewing words, initials, or pictures on napkins, hand towels, etc.

SENSORIAL

- Ages 3 to 4:
 - Exploring the home for 2 dimensional shapes (rectangles, squares, circles, etc.).
 - Exploring the home for 3 dimensional shapes (spheres, cylinders, cones, cubes, prisms).
 - Explore the home for textures that are rough or smooth.
 - Exploring sound by tapping on different objects (pot, glass, wooden cutting board, etc) with different objects as well (tap with a metal spoon, then a wooden spoon).
- Ages 5 to 6: Any of the above plus:
 - Exploring spices and attempting to recognize them by scent.
 - Comparing the various shapes of leaves found amongst the house plants.
 - Drawing a picture that includes certain shapes i.e., 1 circle and 3 rectangles, or 1 square and 4 triangles).

LANGUAGE

- Ages 3 to 4:
 - Sound Games/I-spy: Something that begins with the sound /s/.
 - Question Game: Have a conversation using who/what/when/where/why questions.
 - Singing new songs (different languages).
 - Tracing shapes, letters in flour (pour flour in a cookie sheet).
- Ages 5 to 6: Any of the above plus:
 - Write a letter to a friend or family member to mail.
 - Assist in writing a list of things to do for a day or a week.
 - Write a story or a play and read aloud or act out when finished.



MATHEMATICS

- Ages 3 to 4:
 - Scavenger hunt/counting objects collected.
 - Counting objects (beans, pennies, etc.).
 - Sorting laundry.
 - Sorting silverware.
- Ages 5 to 6: Any of the above plus:
 - Hopscotch math—all operations can be done, just make your hopscotch go higher than 10.
 - Math facts with dice.

Lower Elementary



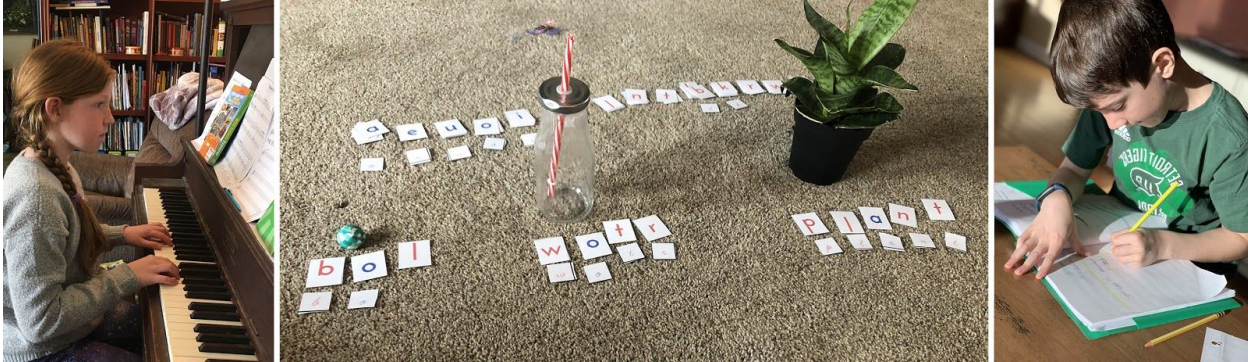
SUGGESTED DAILY SCHEDULE FOR LOWER ELEMENTARY

Early Morning	Make breakfast and clean up. Complete chores (i.e. pet care, care of self, make bed, laundry, etc.)
Mid-Morning	Uninterrupted work cycle. Children should engage in activities to practice skills for math, language, geometry and geography. Teacher will send specific instructions. Make sure to make time for snacks and movement.
Lunch	Make lunch and clean up.
Afternoon	Afternoon work time. Include time for care of the environment and preparation for the next day's work.

Mid-Morning Uninterrupted work cycle. Children should engage in activities to practice skills for math, language, geometry, and geography. Teachers will send specific instructions. Make sure to make time for snacks and movement.

Preparations for the next day and chores can be performed throughout the day. Activities can be modified according to the child's readiness and developmental needs.

Lower Elementary Program Expectations



STUDENTS MAY BE EXPECTED TO:

- Plan and organize work with guidance from parents.
- Follow teachers' guidelines and academic expectations.
- Work with integrity on assigned tasks—do your best!

PARENTS ARE INVITED TO:

- Guide your child to set up a prepared environment at home.
- Establish a consistent routine and work schedule together.
- Follow along with the teachers' suggested activities to maintain skills and concepts.
- Provide opportunities for your child to share and present work to you.

LOWER ELEMENTARY TEACHERS WILL:

- Prepare a variety of appropriate tasks and activities for children to complete at home in order to maintain and move their learning forward.
- Communicate in a consistent fashion with parents, replying to emails within 24 hours.
- Share a daily "Morning Greeting" via email.

PROGRAM-SPECIFIC NEEDS AND CHARACTERISTICS

- Respect the stage of development—many Lower Elementary students are at a "concrete level" and require the Montessori materials to complete certain tasks. Teachers will guide you regarding what works makes sense for your child.
- Develop ideas that allow the opportunity for Lower Elementary students to build from their interests. Examples may include projects, journals, creative writing, geometry constructions, Practical Life at home.

Upper Elementary



SUGGESTED DAILY SCHEDULE FOR UPPER ELEMENTARY

Early Morning	Make breakfast and clean up. Complete chores (i.e. pet care, care of self, make bed, laundry, etc.)
Mid-Morning	Uninterrupted work cycle. Children should engage in activities to practice skills for math, language, geometry, science, history, and geography. Teachers will send specific instructions. Make sure to make time for snacks and movement.
Lunch	Make lunch and clean up.
Afternoon	Uninterrupted work cycle. Children should engage in activities for research, art, music, Spanish, and typing. Make time for at least 30 minutes of silent reading.

Upper Elementary Program Expectations



STUDENTS MAY BE EXPECTED TO:

- Plan and organize work as independently as possible.
- Follow teachers' guidelines and academic expectations.
- Be their own advocate when assistance or further clarification is required.

PARENTS ARE INVITED TO:

- Guide your child to set up a prepared environment at home.
- Establish a consistent routine and work schedule.
- Follow along with the teacher's suggested activities to maintain skills and concepts.
- Meet and review your child's assignments; provide opportunities at home for work presentations.

UPPER ELEMENTARY TEACHERS WILL:

- Prepare a variety of appropriate tasks and activities for children to complete at home in order to maintain and move their learning forward.
- Communicate in a consistent fashion with parents, replying to emails within 24 hours.
- Share a daily "Morning Greeting" via email.

PROGRAM-SPECIFIC NEEDS AND CHARACTERISTICS

- Respect the stage of development - some students may still be at a "concrete level" and require the Montessori materials to complete certain tasks. Avoid "teaching" shortcuts for subjects such as Mathematics.
- Develop ideas that allow the opportunity for Upper Elementary students to build from their interests. Examples may include making books, projects, journals, creative writing, geometry constructions, Practical Life at home.

- Upper Elementary students are extremely social. At this time, not being able to be directly with their friends can feel challenging. We strongly encourage parent monitoring of texts, emails, and group chats to ensure that the students are using grace and courtesy towards themselves and others.

Activities for Upper Elementary at Home

MATH FACTS (LIMIT TO 10 MINUTES AT A TIME)

- Create flashcards of multiplication and division math facts 2-9.
- List all the factors of 18, 24, 36, and 54.
- Dice Rolling Jump rope while skip counting.

FRACTIONS

- Follow a recipe.
- Construct something using measurements less than one inch.
- Order fractions on a number line from least to greatest.
- Divide figures into fractional amounts and label them.

DECIMALS

- Have your own “Showcase” and price household items, then add them together.
- Look for advertisements in the mail and add prices together.
- Create a shopping list and add items together.

LANGUAGE

- Make a poem book.
- Try to write a poem in an author’s style.
- Memorize a poem.
- Go on a word hunt in a novel: make a list of adjectives on a page and write an antonym and synonym for each one.
- Find sentences in your current book, identify the subject and predicate.

GEOMETRY

- Identify shapes around the house. Identify angles as either: right, acute, obtuse, or straight.
- Look for congruent and similar figures.
- Measure things in one and two dimensions.
- Find the perimeter of things.
- Find the area of rectangular figures.

BIOLOGY

- Spend 15 silent minutes a day in nature and record your observations.
- Sketch plants inside or outside.
- Research an endangered animal. Why is it endangered?
- Take care of plants
- Study an animal

GEOGRAPHY

- Teachers sent home maps and students should research countries.

HISTORY

- Make a timeline of your life.
- Make a timeline of your day and include it in your work journal.
- Interview a family member in your house or over the phone about their life.

Adolescent Community

Maintaining motivation, social interaction, physical activity and emotional well being is essential during this time period. Consistency, routine, and school-home boundaries are your greatest assets to success.



SAMPLE/RECOMMENDED SCHEDULE:

7:30 am- Wake up, take shower, eat breakfast

8:30 am- Morning meeting

9:30 am- Work Cycle (Work diligently on your assignments in your current Workshop (reading, writing, research), Math, Spanish)

12:00 noon- Lunch

After lunch-

- Go outdoors and get some exercise (take a walk/hike/run/jog, play a sport with your “germ group”, etc.)
- Take a virtual tour of a museum, cultural center, or park.
- Do an art or craft project.
- Practice a musical instrument, sing, listen to different kinds of music
- Read a book
- Help your family with chores. (cleaning, cooking, building projects, yard projects, etc.)
- Talk to relatives, friends via phone or video chat

SOCIAL ENGAGEMENT

- Make sure YOU are talking with your teenager each day. Check in with their state of mind. Give them accurate information about what is going on. Play games together (even if they complain).
- Make sure your teenager is talking (virtually) with friends every day. Even if they are introverted, they require healthy social interaction.

EMOTIONAL WELL BEING

- See above. Don't allow them to isolate themselves from you. They may fight this, but YOU are their main source of emotional support. This doesn't mean you need to be stoic and strong every moment, but it does mean you need to be present for their emotions.
- Don't be afraid to seek outside support (for yourself and for them). This is a challenging time, and we are all going to handle it differently. Know when you need help, and observe carefully for changes in your child's behavior to determine if and when they need it as well.

MAINTAIN ROUTINE AND MOTIVATION

- As a general rule, teenagers will do only those things that are easiest and provide the most immediate reward. This also translates to them doing the least amount of work possible to meet the expectations that are placed on them. To combat this, we recommend maintaining a regular sleep and work schedule.

Bedtimes should be enforced and students should be prepared for morning meeting by 8:30. This means that they are awake, showered, and fed.

- Even if you have never done so before, we recommend providing your teenager with responsibilities for taking care of your home, and consequences for failing to do so. These may include vacuuming, doing laundry, cleaning the bathroom, doing dishes, or yard work.
- Try cooking meals together, and make sure you eat together at a table, as many meals as possible.
- Including your adolescent in responsibilities that contribute to the well-being of the family will give them the opportunity to realize how they are important, how they can contribute, and how members of any size of community are interdependent.

PHYSICAL ACTIVITY AND NUTRITION

- Support your child in maintaining a regular meal schedule, and a balanced diet. The more routine their eating habits are, the better they will feel physically and mentally.
- Get outside and exercise, in whatever way makes the most sense for your family. Exercise is good for the body and the brain and will make a big difference in mental health and well being.

ACADEMIC ENGAGEMENT

Adolescents need the opportunity to feel “in charge” of their work. That being said, they are still practicing this skill and require adult support. Instead of managing their work schedule for them, ask them to show you their work plan for the day. Ask them what their priorities are for which work needs to be completed first, ask them to explain what the purpose of the assignment is, ask them how long they think it will take to complete. All of these questions model the process of planning a schedule, setting goals, and completing required work. They will be provided with opportunities to practice math, writing, reading, research, and Spanish. Remember, at this age quality products follow from effective processes.

Specials for Elementary-JH

Specialty Classes include art, Spanish, kitchen classroom and music. Lessons for these classes are available on the classroom pages on our website.



RESOURCES FOR FAMILIES:

Our public library is a wonderful resource for studies, audiobooks, ebooks, reading lists, and other information www.tadl.org

These are ways to listen to audiobooks for free:

<https://www.audible.com/ep/kids-audiobooks>

<https://soundcloud.com/puffin-books-uk>

https://www.amazon.com/.../digital-text/155009011/ref=zg_bs...

https://www.barnesandnoble.com/b/free-ebo.../kids/_/N-ry0Ztu1...

http://www.gatewaytotheclassics.com/.../stories_browse_by_tit...

Wondering if a book is too easy or too hard for your child? Scholastic has a site that can help you figure it out. Type in the title and most books will show up with a reading level, a grade level, and a brief description.

<https://www.scholastic.com/teachers/bookwizard>

Podcasts for Children

The Big Life Kids Podcast	Forever Ago
Wow in the World	But Why: A podcast for curious kids
Pants on Fire	Peace Out
Tumble	Story Time
Circle Round	What if World
Reading Bug Adventure	Brains On!
Good Night Stories for Rebel Grls	Short and Curly
The Purple Rocket Podcast	Classic Kids
Fierce Girls	The Alien Adventures of Finn Caspian
The Past and The Curious: A History Podcast for Kids and Families	The Unexpected Disappearance of Mars Patel
Sparkle Stories	News Times
Earth Rangers	

Frequently Asked Questions

When and how can I reach my child's teacher?

Email remains the best way to contact a teacher. If you wish to speak to a teacher, please use email to set up a time for a phone call.

When can I expect a response? In most cases, you can expect a response within 24 hours.

How much communication can I expect from the school? The administration office will communicate with you directly as there are updates on the COVID-19 situation that might have a direct impact on school operations. The frequency of communication from your child's teacher will vary depending on each program.

Can teachers tutor students individually online? In most cases, no. Teachers will be connecting with families on a class level, and also sharing suggestions, feedback, and expectations on an individualized or small group level where necessary. Some video conferencing may be utilized for our older students.

What support will be provided to children whose parents both work full-time? It would be unrealistic and counter-productive in the circumstances for the school to provide childcare for all working families. We understand that a sudden school closure is an inconvenience for all.

*“We discovered that education is not something which the **TEACHER** does, but that it is a natural process which develops spontaneously in the **HUMAN** being.”*

- Dr Maria Montessori